

JOURNAL OF TOURISM AND GASTRONOMY STUDIES

ISSN: 2147 - 8775

Journal homepage: www.jotags.net



Gastronomic Tourism of Türkiye: A Study on the Polish Market * Erdi EREN ^a, Kemal ÇOŞKUN ^b, Tamer TAŞÇI ^a

^a Alanya University, Faculty of Art and Design, Department of Gastronomy and Culinary Arts, Antalya/Türkiye ^b Alanya University, Faculty of Economics, Administrative and Social Sciences, Department of Tourism Management, Antalya/Türkiye

Abstract

Gastronomy is defined as a discipline that studies the preparation, presentation, and consumption **Article History** of food and beverages within the framework of the relationship between food and culture. Gastronomy tourism focuses on the search for new flavors in new locations to improve one's Received: 14.08.2023 physical and mental health. Türkiye hosts a wide variety of tourism types and opportunities with Accepted: 23.12.2023 its historical texture, natural beauty, and rich cultural pool. Gastronomy tourism is one of these rich tourism opportunities. Türkiye hosts millions of tourists from various countries around the Keywords world every year. In 2022, approximately 2.2% of foreign visitors to Türkiye were Polish tourists. Gastronomic tourism This study determined the preferences and opinions of Polish tourists regarding Türkiye's gastronomy tourism market. According to the data obtained, 101 male and 282 female participants Gastro-tourism indicated that Turkish cuisine and Turkish gastro-tourism have an essential place in the world, gastronomic elements are an important factor in their preference for Türkiye, they find Turkish Turkish cuisine cuisine predominantly delicious and affordable, döner kebab and Turkish coffee are the most wellknown food and beverages from Turkish cuisine, and the participants are planning to revisit Türkiye for gastronomy tourism. As a result of the study, gastro-tourism-oriented recommendations were given to the sector for Turkish cuisine to take a more active role in the country's tourism and for the Polish market to be utilized more effectively.

Article Type

Poland

Research Article

* Corresponding Author E-mail: erdi.eren@alanyauniversity.edu.tr (E. Eren)